

# Seralutinib decreases endotrophin (PRO-C6) production, a mediator of fibrosis and inflammation, in an *in vitro* model of pulmonary fibrosis

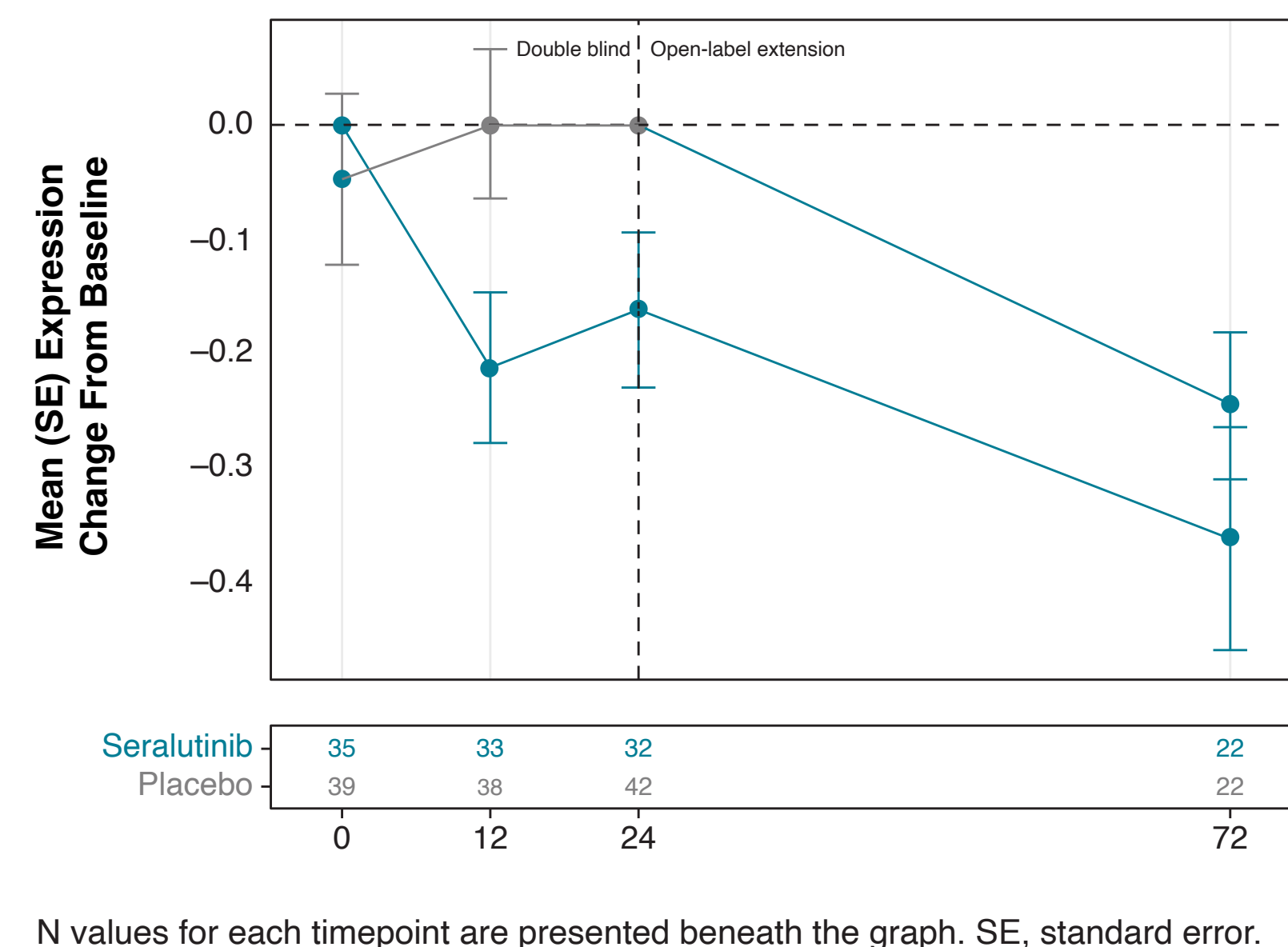
Zhaoqing Ding<sup>1</sup>, Mark A. Kuipers-Skarsfeldt<sup>2</sup>, Robin Osterhout<sup>1</sup>, Filipa B. Simões<sup>2</sup>, Jannie M.B. Sand<sup>2</sup>, Diana Julie Leeming<sup>2</sup>, Lawrence S. Zisman<sup>1</sup>, Sidra Hoffman<sup>1</sup>, Robert F. Roscigno<sup>1</sup>, Richard Aranda<sup>1</sup>, Lawrence Ho<sup>1</sup>, Ravikumar Sitapara<sup>1</sup>, Eduardo Garcia<sup>1</sup>, Anna R. Hemnes<sup>3</sup>, Roham T. Zamanian<sup>4</sup>, Bruno Guedes Baldi<sup>5</sup>, Rogério Souza<sup>6</sup>, Tomás Pulido<sup>6</sup>, Morten Karsdal<sup>2</sup>, Jean-Marie Bruey<sup>1</sup>, Toby M. Maher<sup>7</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Gossamer Bio, Inc., San Diego, CA, USA; <sup>2</sup>Nordic Bioscience, Herlev, Denmark; <sup>3</sup>Vanderbilt University, Vanderbilt University Medical Center, Nashville, TN, USA; <sup>4</sup>Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford Medicine, Stanford, CA, USA; <sup>5</sup>Instituto do Coração, Hospital das Clínicas da Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil; <sup>6</sup>Instituto Nacional de Cardiología Ignacio Chávez, México, D. F., México; <sup>7</sup>Keck School of Medicine of USC, Los Angeles, CA, USA

## BACKGROUND

- Extracellular matrix (ECM) remodeling and fibroblast activation contribute toward pulmonary vascular remodeling in group 1 and 3 pulmonary hypertension (PH)<sup>1,2</sup>
- Seralutinib, an inhaled PDGFR, CSF1R, and c-KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor, improved pulmonary vascular resistance and decreased circulating ECM biomarkers, including COL6A3, in patients with PAH in the TORREY study (NCT04456998; **Figure 1**), and fibrogenic factors in *in vitro* models of fibrosis<sup>3-7</sup>
- ECM component collagen type VI  $\alpha 3$  chain (COL6A3) is produced by activated fibroblasts and, under pro-fibrotic conditions, is proteolytically cleaved to release the bioactive matrikine, endotrophin (PRO-C6)<sup>8-10</sup>
- PRO-C6 is a marker and mediator of fibrosis and inflammation in interstitial lung diseases with underlying fibrosis,<sup>9,11</sup> highlighting its potential as a surrogate biomarker of pulmonary fibrosis in PH associated with interstitial lung disease (ILD)
- The goal of this study is to demonstrate seralutinib's direct effect on the production of PRO-C6 in an *in vitro* model of human pulmonary fibrosis

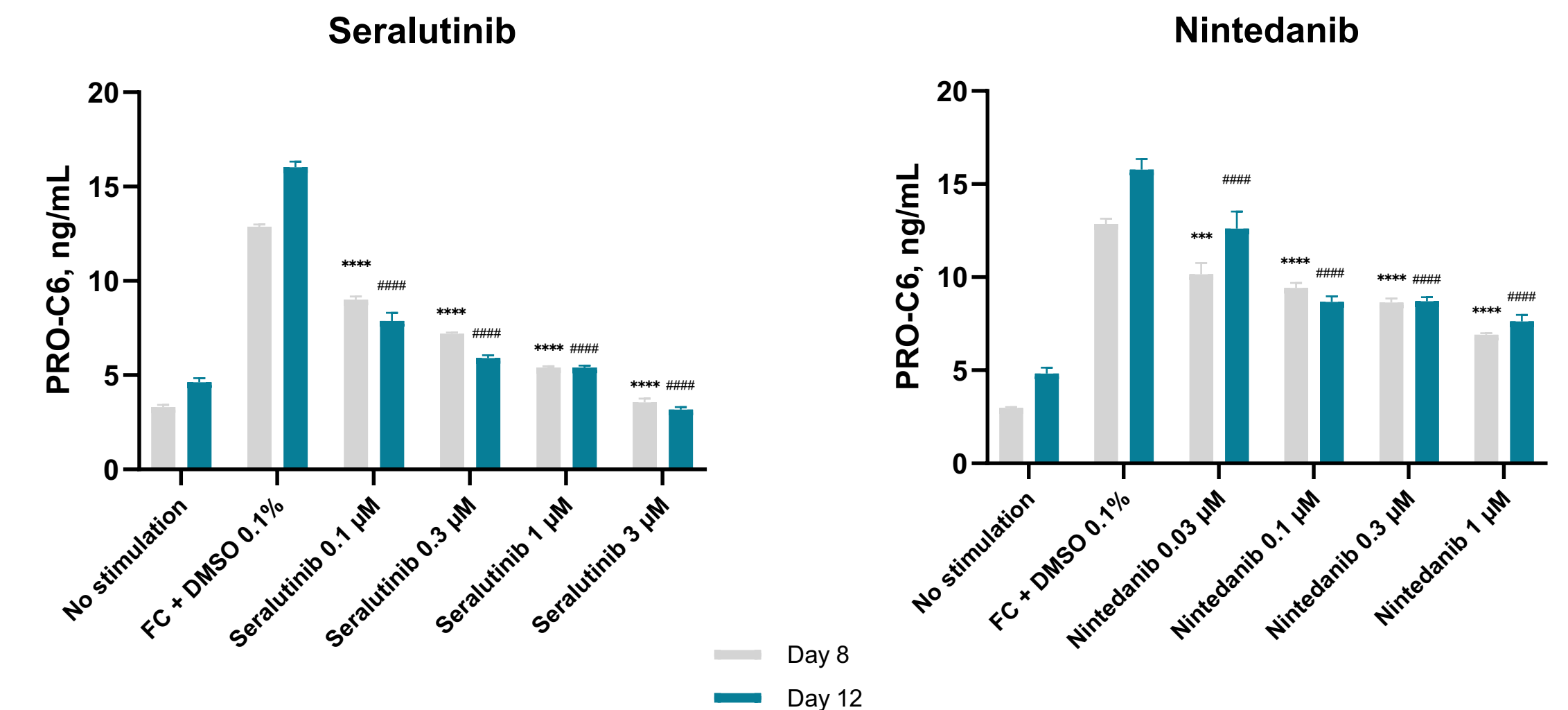
**Figure 1. In the TORREY and open-label extension studies, circulating COL6A3 was reduced with seralutinib treatment in PAH patients**



## RESULTS

- Stimulating NHLFs with the FC increased PRO-C6 levels (2.3-fold) at day 8 and day 12 compared to unstimulated cells
- Seralutinib treatment compared to vehicle treatment (FC+DMSO 0.1%) reduced PRO-C6 levels by 1.3× (0.1  $\mu$ M) to 3.2× (1  $\mu$ M) at both day 8 and day 12
- Nintedanib treatment compared to vehicle treatment (FC+DMSO 0.1%) reduced PRO-C6 levels by 1.5× (0.1  $\mu$ M) to 2.0× (1  $\mu$ M) at both day 8 and day 12

**Figure 2. Seralutinib inhibited the production of endotrophin (PRO-C6) in healthy human lung fibroblasts stimulated with a fibrotic cocktail**

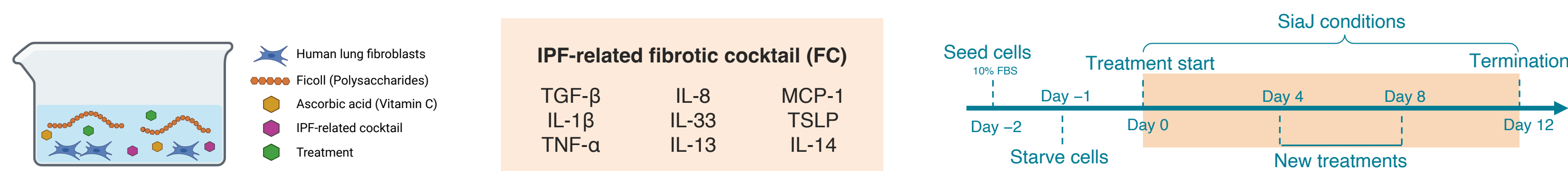


NHLF were stimulated with fibrotic cocktail and treated with either seralutinib (0.1  $\mu$ M, 0.3  $\mu$ M, 1  $\mu$ M, or 3  $\mu$ M) or nintedanib (0.03  $\mu$ M, 0.1  $\mu$ M, 0.3  $\mu$ M, or 1  $\mu$ M). PRO-C6 was measured in the supernatant at day 8 and day 12 post treatment and fibrotic cocktail stimulation. Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  SEM (n=4). Statistics was performed using two-way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's multiple comparisons test. \*\*\* p<0.001, \*\*\*\* p<0.0001, test group vs. vehicle treatment on day 8, #### p<0.0001, test group vs. vehicle treatment group on day 12. NHLF, healthy human lung fibroblast; SEM, standard error of the mean.

## METHODS

### Human lung fibroblast (HLF) scar-in-a-jar model

- Following the Scar-in-a-Jar model<sup>12</sup> healthy HLFs (NHLF) were stimulated with a fibrotic cocktail (FC) for 12 days
- Supernatants were collected on days 8 and 12 to quantify the C-terminal fragment of COL6A3, using the Nordic PRO-C6™ assay
- FC, seralutinib (0.1-3  $\mu$ M), and treatment controls (nintedanib; 0.03-1  $\mu$ M) were administered on days 0, 4, and 8



FBS, fetal bovine serum; IL, interleukin; IPF, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis; MCP-1, monocyte chemoattractant protein 1; SiaJ, Scar-in-a-Jar; TGF, transforming growth factor; TNF, tumor necrosis factor; TSLP, thymic stromal lymphopoietin.

## CONCLUSIONS

- Consistent with clinical TORREY biomarker data and preclinical models of pulmonary fibrosis, seralutinib demonstrated significant suppression of PRO-C6 production by HLFs, reinforcing its potential to target pulmonary fibrosis in PH-ILD
- These data encourage the continued investigation of PRO-C6 as a surrogate biomarker of pulmonary fibrosis and its role in the pathophysiology of PH-ILD in the SERANATA study

**References:** 1 Ghofrani HA, et al. *Nat Rev Cardiol.* 2025;22(2):105-120. 2 Humbert M, et al. *Eur Respir J.* 2019;53(1):1801887. 3 Frantz RP, et al. *Lancet Respir Med.* 2024;12(7):523-534. 4 Ghofrani HA, et al. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med.* 2024;209:A7383. 5 Sitbon O, et al. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med.* 2024;209:A1011. 6 Osterhout R, et al. *Eur Respir J.* 2024;64(suppl 68):OA1872. 7 Sitapara R, et al. *Chest.* 2024;166(4 suppl):A5844-A5846. 8 Merenness JA, Mariani TJ. *Matrix Biol Plus.* 2021;10:100058. 9 Henriksen K, et al. *Endocr Rev.* 2024;45(3):361-378. 10 Mayorca-Guiliani AE, et al. *NPJ Metab Health Dis.* 2025;3(1):25. 11 Genovese F, et al. *Matrix Biol.* 2024;132:1-9. 12 Chen CZ, et al. *Br J Pharmacol.* 2009;158(5):1196-1209.

**Disclosures:** ZD is an employee of, and owns stocks or stock options from, Gossamer Bio, Inc.

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